"Macroeconomic Relaxation: Adjustment Processes of Hierarchical Economic Structures" by Raymond J. Hawkins and Masanao Aoki

I have the following comments on this paper, which may be useful for the authors to revise it:

1) What is the equilibrium state in an economic system?

The linear response theory is constructed on the basis of an equilibrium state. Nobody doubts existence of such a state for physical systems excluding those very unstable with chaotic nature; the physical equilibrium states are well defined. I understand your equilibrium state is an economic situation in absence of demand. But this is not acceptable to me, because I think demand plays a critical role in establishing any economic system, otherwise nobody can have motivation to work. In other words, I assume that an economic system responds to demand in a highly non-linear manner or even shows unstable behavior against applied demand if the demand-free state is adopted as an equilibrium state.

- 2) Should the causality be satisfied in the linear response relations (2) and (14)?
- Dynamics of physical systems certainly is constrained by the causality relation. But I wonder if the causality is still a valid constraint in formulating the economic linear response theory. Since economic agents are intellectual in contrast to physical particles, they may determine their behaviors thinking about future.
- 3) Is there any relationship between hierarchical dynamics and superstatistics? Hierarchical dynamics is a very attractive idea to address complicated economic phenomena. Very recently it has been empirically confirmed that labor productivity has a distribution with power-law tail in the efficient side. An idea of superstatistics was borrowed from physics to account for the power-law behavior. Please refer to the following papers:

 $\frac{http://arxiv.org/abs/0809.3541}{http://www.economics-ejournal.org/economics/discussionpapers/2008-42}$

Superstatistics emphasizes spatial and temporal inhomogeneity in physical conditions such as temperature and density. In the above- mentioned papers, it is assumed that heterogeneity in economic temperature arising from fluctuating demand. Could you say anything about possible relationship between hierarchical dynamics and superstatistics?